BEFORE READING / LISTENING

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1406/140620-emoji.html

1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

a.	Google has added 250 characters for people to use on the Internet.	T / F
b.	Every letter and number on the Internet has a special code.	T / F
c.	Many of the new characters are already used on smart phones.	T / F
d.	One of the new characters is a smiling face.	T / F
e.	Emoji originally came from Finland.	T / F
f.	We won't be able to use the new <i>emoji</i> on smart phones just yet.	T / F
g.	Software companies have updated their fonts so we can use the emoji.	T / F
h.	All of the new emoji can be used and understood by all cultures.	T / F

2. SYNONYM MATCH: Match the following synonyms from the article.

1.	looks after	a.	appear
2	included	b.	display
3.	show	с.	give
4.	look	d.	controls
5.	many	e.	particularly
6.	originally	f.	presently
7.	especially	g.	added
8.	update	h.	first
9.	provide	i.	revise
10.	currently	j.	a lot

3. PHRASE MATCH: (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- 1. The organization that looks
- 2 its most recent
- 3. so the browser knows what
- 4. the characters look
- 5. a dove
- 6. originally developed
- 7. especially among
- 8. It could be a while
- 9. provide updates
- 10. a hand

- a. to show online
- b. for consumers
- c. of peace
- d. younger people
- e. after the code
- f. before we can start
- g. signal
- h. update
- i. as they should
- j. in Japan

GAP FILL

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1406/140620-emoji.html

The organization that looks after the code (1) the browser Internet has included an additional 250 characters in its most nicer (2) ______ update. All of the characters we see in our recent Internet browsers, whether they be letters, numbers or online (3) _____, all have a special code so the browser knows thumbs what to show (4) _____. The system is called Unicode and makes sure that whatever the (5) or world behind language, the characters look as they should. The new "emoji" symbols include many characters (6) _____ on smart phones in used SMS and text messages. People who make websites and Internet users can now make their pages look (7) _____ with symbols that include a smiling face, a spider, a (8) up, a dove of peace, and many more.

"Emoji" were (9) ______ developed in Japan for use on younger Japanese mobile phones. The word in Japanese is sianal (10) ______ for "picture-writing character". They quickly biased became (11) ______ around the world, especially among short (12) _____ people. It could be a while before we can update start using the new "emoji" on our cellphones. For that to happen, the big phone makers and software companies, like Apple, originally Samsung, Nokia, etc. will have to (13) _____ their fonts popular and provide updates for consumers. There is still a way (14) ______ to go, however, before the "emoji" are from all cultures. They are currently (15) _____ towards Americans and Europeans, including things like a hand (16) ______ from the U.S. TV series Star Trek.

LISTENING – Guess the answers. Listen to check.

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1406/140620-emoji.html

- 1) The organization that looks after the code _____
 - a. beyond the Internet
 - b. behind the Internet
 - c. remind the Internet
 - d. refined the Internet
- 2) All of the characters we see in our _____
 - a. Internet browsers
 - b. Internet browse is
 - c. Internet browsing
 - d. Internet blouses
- 3) a special code so the browser knows what _____
 - a. to stow online
 - b. to slow online
 - c. to snow online
 - d. to show online
- 4) the characters look _____
 - a. was they should
 - b. was they should
 - c. as they should
 - d. is they should
- 5) Internet users can now make their pages look _____
 - a. nice and with symbols
 - b. nicer with symbols
 - c. nicer within symbols
 - d. nicer with symbol
- 6) The word in Japanese is short for "picture-____"
 - a. written character
 - b. writing characters
 - c. written characters
 - d. writing character
- 7) popular around the world, especially among _____
 - a. younger people
 - b. younger people
 - c. younger people
 - d. younger people
- 8) the big phone makers and _____
 - a. software company
 - b. soft where companies
 - c. software company is
 - d. soft wear companies
- 9) update their fonts and provide updates _____
 - a. from consumers
 - b. for consumers
 - c. four consumers
 - d. for consume as
- 10) There is still a way to go, however, before the "emoji" are _____
 - a. of all cultures
 - b. form all cultures
 - c. from all cultures
 - d. from all culture

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1406/140620-emoji.html

- 1. What does the organization mentioned in the article look after?
- 2. What changes the code into letters and numbers online?
- **3.** What is the system called?
- 4. What can people already use the emoji on?
- 5. What kind of face symbol was mentioned at the end of paragraph one?
- 6. Where did *emoji* first start?
- 7. Who really liked and used *emoji* when they first came out?
- **8.** How long will it be before we use *emoji* on our cellphones?
- 9. What will software companies have to provide for consumers?
- 10. What kind of signal was mentioned at the end of paragraph two?

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ

From <u>http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1406/140620-emoji.html</u>

What does the organization mentioned 6. Where did emoji first start? 1. in the article look after? a) Google a) Google b) websites b) Japan c) code c) Technoland d) browsers d) Finland What changes the code into letters and 7. Who really liked and used emoji when 2. numbers online? they first came out? a) browsers a) pop stars b) online forms b) Google c) digital devices c) business leaders d) Google d) younger people What is the system called? How long will it be before we use emoji 3. 8. on our cellphones? a) One-Code a) 3 days b) Code-One b) a while c) Coder c) as long as a piece of string d) Unicode d) many years What can people already use the *emoji* What will software companies have to 4. 9. on? provide for consumers? a) their TVs a) font updates b) smart phones b) mobile phones c) paper c) refunds d) Google d) a thumbs up 5. What kind of face symbol was 10. What kind of signal was mentioned at mentioned at the end of paragraph 1? the end of paragraph two? a) an embarrassed face a) an easy one b) a sad face b) one to alert people c) a smiling face c) a left-turn signal d) a red face d) a hand signal

LANGUAGE - CLOZE

From http://www.BreakingNewsEnglish.com/1406/140620-emoji.html

The organization that looks (1) _____ the code behind the Internet has included an additional 250 characters in its most (2) _____ update. All of the characters we see in our Internet browsers, (3) _____ they be letters, numbers or symbols, all have a special code so the browser knows what to show online. The system is called Unicode and makes sure that (4) _____ the browser or world language, the characters look as they should. The new "emoji" include many characters used on smart phones in SMS and text messages. People who make websites and Internet users can now make their pages look nicer with symbols that (5) _____ a smiling face, a spider, a thumbs up, a (6) _____ of peace, and many more.

"Emoji" were (7) _____ developed in Japan for use on Japanese mobile phones. The word in Japanese is (8) _____ for "picture-writing character". They quickly became popular around the world, especially among younger people. It could be a (9) _____ before we can start using the new "emoji" on our cellphones. For that to (10) _____, the big phone makers and software companies, like Apple, Samsung, Nokia, etc. will have to update their fonts and provide updates for consumers. There is still a (11) _____ to go, however, before the "emoji" are from all cultures. They are currently biased towards Americans and Europeans, including things like a hand signal from the U.S. TV (12) _____ Star Trek.

Put the correct words from the table below in the above article.

1.	(a)	before	(b)	past	(c)	after	(d)	behind
2.	(a)	recent	(b)	latest	(c)	newest	(d)	updated
3.	(a)	waiver	(b)	whether	(c)	wither	(d)	weather
4.	(a)	whoever	(b)	wherever	(c)	whenever	(d)	whatever
5.	(a)	including	(b)	inclusive	(c)	include	(d)	inclusion
6.	(a)	love	(b)	dove	(c)	move	(d)	rove
7.	(a)	originally	(b)	origins	(c)	original	(d)	originate
8.	(a)	shortening	(b)	shortly	(c)	shorts	(d)	short
9.	(a)	hour	(b)	when	(c)	while	(d)	period
10.	(a)	happening	(b)	happened	(c)	happens	(d)	happen
11.	(a)	wait	(b)	way	(c)	times	(d)	when
12.	(a)	series	(b)	cereal	(c)	serious	(d)	services